## STANDARD TREATMENT WORKFLOW (STW) Jaundice

# Usha Dutta<sup>1</sup>, Vineet Ahuja<sup>2</sup>, Ashwini Setya<sup>3</sup>, Brij Sharma<sup>4</sup>, CE Eapen<sup>5</sup>, Jimil Shah<sup>6</sup>, Kaushal Madan<sup>7</sup>, Madhumita Premkumar<sup>8</sup>, Peush Sahni<sup>9</sup>, Pratap Mouli<sup>10</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Post Graduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh; <sup>2</sup>All India Institute of Medical Science, New Delhi; <sup>3</sup>Max Hospital, Delhi; <sup>4</sup>Indira Gandhi Medical College and Hospital, Shimla; <sup>5</sup>Christian Medical College Vellore; <sup>6</sup>Post Graduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh; <sup>7</sup>Max Hospital, Delhi; <sup>8</sup>Post Graduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh; <sup>9</sup>All India Institute of Medical Science, New Delhi; <sup>10</sup>Guntur Medical College, Guntur

#### CORRESPONDING AUTHOR

Dr. Usha Dutta, Department of Gastroenterology, Post Graduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh.

Email: <u>ushadutta@gmail.com</u>

#### CITATION

Dutta U, Ahuja V, Setya A, Sharma B, Eapen CE, Shah J, Madan K, Premkumar M, Sahni P, Mouli P. Jaundice. Journal of the Epidemiology Foundation of India. 2024;2(1Suppl):S73-S74. DOI: <u>https://doi.org/10.56450/JEFI.2024.v2i1Suppl.0037</u>

*This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License.* ©*The Author(s). 2024 Open Access* 

### DISCLAIMER

This article/STW, was originally published by Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) under Standard Treatment Workflow. The reprinting of this article in Journal of the Epidemiology Foundation of India (JEFI) is done with the permission of ICMR. The content of this article is presented as it was published, with no modifications or alterations. The views and opinions expressed in the article are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of JEFI or its editorial board. This initiative of JEFI to reprint STW is to disseminate these workflows among Health Care Professionals for wider adoption and guiding path for Patient Care.



PARENCHYMAL

LIVER DISEASE

(HEPATITIS)

BILIARY

OBSTRUCTION

Itching, clay

coloured stools

